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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/888,222	06/22/2001	Samuel Yin Lun Pun	P-2177	7524
7590 10/03/2006		EXAMINER		
James D. Ivey			ARMSTRONG, ANGELA A	
Law Offices of James D. Ivey 3025 Totterdell Street			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Oakland, CA 94611-1742			2626	
•			DATE MAILED: 10/03/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	A 10 41 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		
	Application No. Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summan.	09/888,222	PUN ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Angela A. Armstrong	2626	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	the mailing date of this communication.  (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 7/21/	06		
·— · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>ರರ</u> . action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar		secution as to the merits is	
closed in accordance with the practice under E			
Disposition of Claims			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-40</u> is/are pending in the application.			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6) Claim(s) <u>1-40</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.		
Application Papers	·		
···			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine			
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex			
,	anniner. Note the attached Office	Action of form F 10-132.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).	
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:			
1. Certified copies of the priority documents		• •	
2. Certified copies of the priority documents			
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior		d in this National Stage	
application from the International Bureau	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4	
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	or the certified copies not receive	a.	
Attachment(s)	<b></b>	(DTO 440)	
1) M Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Motice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da		
3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) 🔲 Notice of Informal P		
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6)		

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

- 2. Claims 1-24, 27, and 29-40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nakayama et al (US Patent No. 4,531,119) in view of Krueger et al (US Patent No. 5,999,950) and Grover (US Patent No. 5,818,437).
- 3. Regarding claim 1, Nakayama discloses a method for generating Japanese text in response to signals generated by a user (col. 1, line 63 to col. 2, line 5) comprising; determining that one or more predicted words include any syllable of each of the one or more sets of syllables (col. 2, lines 51-62); presenting the one or more predicted words to the user for selection (col. 2, lines 51-62).

Nakayama fails to specifically teach that the signals generated by the user specifies one or more phonetic symbol categories each of which includes one or more syllables and at least one of which includes two or more syllables.

Krueger discloses a Japanese text input method using a keyboard with only base kana characters, wherein the first selection of a character key causes the display of the character in base kana form. A second consecutive selection of the same key causes the display of the character in a first variant form. Subsequent consecutive selections of the character cause the display of the character in further variant forms (Table 5). Krueger specifically teaches (col. 6, lines 20-32) the invention allows the entry of Japanese text with a smaller array of keys and without the need to move the cursor to modifier keys in order to enter characters derived from

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the base set. Krueger further teaches that the reduced set of keys produces a more easily readable keyboard, especially if the keyboard is a virtual or on-screen keyboard displayed on a display device, and that the keyboard arrangement also reduces the total number key presses since variations of a certain base kana character are accessible through subsequent entries of the that same key rather than through the selection of an additional separate key.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention to modify the system of Nakayama to provide for a Japanese text input method using a reduced set of keys, as suggested by Krueger, for the purpose of producing a more easily readable keyboard displayed on a display device.

Nakayama fails to specifically teach one or more of predicted words or phrases include at least one syllable beyond the one or more syllables of the phonetic symbol categories specified by the signals generated by the user. However, anticipating and providing complete words/phrases to a user after the user has entered a small number of keystrokes to alleviate the user having to type in the complete word was well known in the art. Grover discloses a reduced keyboard system, which performs a "look ahead" function so as to anticipate and provide the user with predicted words after the user has typed less than all the letters of a desired word (col. 12, lines 1-9). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention to modify the system of Nakayama to implement a look ahead function so as to anticipate and provide the user with predicted words after the user has typed less than all the letters of a desired word, as suggested by Grover, for the purpose of saving the user time in having to type the all the letters of frequently used or key vocabulary words.

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Regarding claim 2, the combination of Nakayama, Krueger, and Grover discloses the one or more collections are each associated with a respective consonant (col. 3,lines 4-10).

Regarding claim 3, the combination of Nakayama, Krueger, and Grover discloses a vowel one of the one or more collections is associated with a null consonant (col. 3, line 4-10).

Regarding claims 4 and 29, the combination of Nakayama, Krueger, and Grover discloses one or more collections correspond to a fifty sounds table (col. 2, line 51 to col. 3, line 64).

Regarding claims 5-6, the combination of Nakayama, Krueger, and Grover discloses the signals generated by the user specify each of the one or more collections in response to a corresponding single key press (col. 2, line 51 to col. 3, line 64).

Regarding claims 7-8 and 30-32, the combination of Nakayama, Krueger, and Grover discloses determining the kanji representation of each of the one ore more predicted words and presenting the one or more predicted words comprises presenting the kanji representation of each of the one or more predicted words (col. 2, lines 51-62)

Regarding claim 27, the combination of Nakayama, Krueger, and Grover discloses implementation on a computer (figure 1).

Regarding claims 9-16, 17-24, and 33-40; the claims are similar in scope and content to claims 1-8 and 29-32 rejected above, and are therefore rejected under similar rationale.

4. Claims 25-26 and 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nakayama in view of Krueger and Grover and further in view of Ho et al (US Patent No. 6,307,541).

Regarding claims 25-26 and 28, neither Nakayama, Grover, nor Krueger disclose the system for generating Japanese text is implemented via a wireless telephone or text messaging device. Ho discloses a method and system for inputting characters through virtual keyboards from a mobile phone (Figures 2-6). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention to modify the system of Nakayama for implementation in a wireless phone or text messaging device, as suggested by Ho, for the purpose of providing inputting of Japanese characters at a high speed in a convenient and efficient manner to mobile and wireless users.

## Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-40 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

#### Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

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however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this

final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Angela A. Armstrong whose telephone number is 571-272-7598.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday 11:30-8:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, David Hudspeth can be reached on 571-272-7843. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

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ngels A Armstrong

Primary Examiner

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AAA October 2, 2006